June 2018

FIRE: Geochemistry of volcanic ash plumes: Implications on air, soil and surface water quality for human health

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AL1: Meteorological monitoring

- no results sent from the local monitoring equipment
- Additional Fogo campaign

AL2: Database of pathologies related to the eruption and to the volcanic environment

- Health Regional Director didn't sent data
- National Ethic Board approved the study
- Additional Fogo campaign

AL3: Air quality monitoring - gases

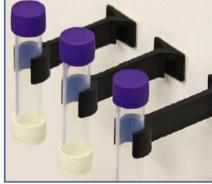
• Diffusive passive sampling tubes for:

⇒Acid gases (HF, HCI, HNO₃, HBr, HPO₄ e H₂SO₄)





⇒VOCs





AL4: Dust monitoring

- Settleable particulate matter collected on quartz fibre filters
- Outdoor dusts collected



AL5: Water quality

Not possible with the local conditions and transport needs

AL6: Soil monitoring

• Sampling ongoing



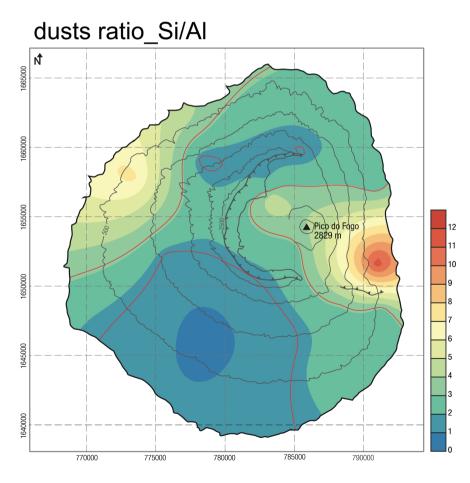
AL6: Vegetables monitoring

• Sampling ongoing



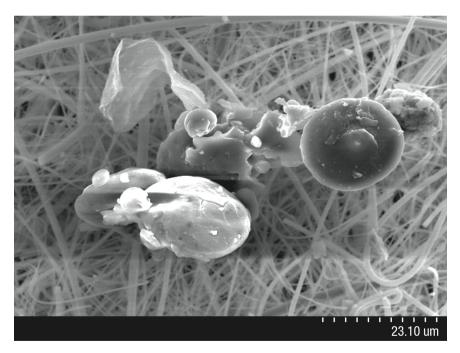
AL7: Data Analysis

ongoing



- mineral dusts transported by NE winds
- influence of Pico do Fogo and Bordeira

SEM - geogenic / Sahara / anthropogenic



- organic particle with Na cape (right)
- composition typical of pollution (center
- F-rich unit (down left)

Challenges/issues encountered/anticipated

- Meteorological monitoring
- Water collection and transport impossible
- Sulphur samples used as medicine
- Vegetable samples collected
- Human monitoring need to contact in person local doctors

Dissemination

Number of papers:

- in prep. : 3
- submitted: 1 (minor corrections)
- published: 0

Number of communications (national and international):

- planned: 0
- done: 7

Master thesis

- planned: 1
- done: 1

Plans for coming months

- Field sampling
- Radon gas monitoring new (exposure to natural radioactive substances)
- Laboratorial analysis
- Dissemination activities (conferences, paper submitted/rev/released)
- Master thesis